acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

# Schemenauer Distribution Tar and Sap Remover

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2023-05-25

#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name Schemenauer Distribution Tar and Sap Remover

## 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

Tree sap remover

Professional use Industrial use

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Schemenauer Distribution LLC 651 Progress Way Sanford FL 32771

1-407-668-7831

schemenauerdistribution@gmail.com

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service USA 1.800.535.5053, INTL 1.352.323.3500

24 hour emergency number

## SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard state- ment
A.10	acute toxicity (oral)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H301
A.8	specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	1	STOT SE 1	H370
B.6	flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

## 2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Signal word danger

- Pictograms

GHS02, GHS06, GHS08





- Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

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- Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P310 If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor.

P303+P361+P353 If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P307+P311 If exposed: Call a poison center/doctor. P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).

P330 Rinse mouth.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling

methanol

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Hazards not otherwise classified

May be harmful if inhaled (GHS category 5: acutely toxic - inhalation).

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
methanol	CAS No 67-56-1	≥85	Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Acute Tox. 3 / H311 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 STOT SE 1 / H370 Flam. Liq. 2 / H225

Hazardous ingredients, Consideration of other advice

This table, if present, includes all GHS classified ingredients present above their cut-off limits, even if the finished product is not classified as hazardous by GHS.

Exact percentage of ingredients is withheld as a trade secret.

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

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## **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

#### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

#### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

## **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, Alcohol resistant foam, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

#### Hazardous combustion products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

#### For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

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#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapors are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 **Control parameters**

Occup	Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)										
Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Iden- tifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [ppm]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota tion	Sourc e
US	methanol	67-56-1	TLV®	200		250				Н	AC- GIH® 2019
US	methyl alcohol	67-56-1	REL	200 (10 h)	260 (10 h)	250	325				NIOS H REL
US	methyl alcohol	67-56-1	PEL	200	260						29 CFR 1910.1 000
US	methyl alcohol (methanol)	67-56-1	PEL (CA)	200	260	250	325	1,000			Cal/ OSHA PEL

Notation

ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur absorbed through the skin Ceiling-C

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless

otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted

average (unless otherwise specified

Biologica	al limit values					
Country	Name of agent	Parameter	Nota- tion	Identifier	Value	Source
US	methanol	methanol		BEI®	15 mg/l	ACGIH® 2019

Relevant DNELs o	f components	of the mix	cture			
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of expos- ure	Used in	Exposure time
methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	130 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	130 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	130 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	130 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	20 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	20 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects

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Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture						
Name of sub- stance			Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	microorganisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	77 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	benthic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	7.7 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	pelagic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	1,540 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release
methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	21 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	2.1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	77 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	7.7 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)

## 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

### - Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

### Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

#### Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties Appearance

- Phomenon					
Physical state	liquid				
Color	transparent - red				
Particle	not relevant (liquid)				
Odor	characteristic				

## Other safety parameters

pH (value)	not determined
Melting point/freezing point	-98 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	65 °C at 1,013 hPa
Flash point	9.7 °C at 1,013 hPa closed cup
Evaporation rate	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)
Vapor pressure	169 hPa at 25 °C
Density	0.79 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>cm³</sub>
Vapor density	this information is not available

## Solubility(ies)

- Water solubility	miscible in any proportion
--------------------	----------------------------

## Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
Auto-ignition temperature	455 °C
Viscosity	not determined
Explosive properties	none
Oxidizing properties	none
Temperature class (USA, acc. to NEC 500)	T1 (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 450 °C)

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## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

### 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

## Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Toxic if swallowed.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4: May be harmful if inhaled.

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

Oral  $100 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{kg}}$ 

### Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
methanol	67-56-1	oral	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>

## Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

## Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

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#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Causes damage to organs.

## Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

#### Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB. Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packages

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to DOT) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

#### Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number

 DOT
 UN 1230

 IMDG-Code
 UN 1230

 ICAO-TI
 UN 1230

14.2 UN proper shipping name

DOT Methanol

IMDG-Code METHANOL

ICAO-TI Methanol

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

DOT 3 (6.1)
IMDG-Code 3 (6.1)
ICAO-TI 3 (6.1)

14.4 Packing group

DOT II IMDG-Code II ICAO-TI II

**14.5 Environmental hazards** non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous

goods regulations

## 14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

## 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

## Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

## Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) - Additional information

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1230, Methanol, 3 (6.1), II Reportable quantity (RQ) 5,000 lbs (2,270 kg) (methanol)

Danger label(s) 3+6.1





Special provisions (SP) IB2, T7, TP2

ERG No 131

## International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Marine pollutant -

Danger label(s) 3+6.1





Special provisions (SP) 279
Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

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EmS F-E, S-D

Stowage category B

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Danger label(s) 3+6.1



Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ)

Limited quantities (LQ)

A113

E2

1 L

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

**National regulations (United States)** 

methanol

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) all ingredients are listed (ACTIVE)

## Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III )

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

none of the ingredients are listed

- Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313)

Toxics Release Inventory: Specific Toxic Chemical Listings							
Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Effective date				

## Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

67-56-1

- List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Statutory code	Final RQ pounds (Kg)
methanol	67-56-1		3 4	5000 (2270)

1986-12-31

## Legend

3 "3" indicates that the source is section 112 of the Clean Air Act

4 "4" indicates that the source is section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)

#### **Clean Air Act**

none of the ingredients are listed

## **Right to Know Hazardous Substance List**

- Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Functionality	Authoritative Lists
methanol	67-56-1	alcohols	CA TACs NTP OHAT - Repr. or Dev. Toxicants OEHHA RELs Prop 65

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## - Toxic or Hazardous Substance List (MA-TURA)

Name of substance	CAS No	DEP CODE	PBT / HHS / LHS	PBT / HHS Threshol d	De Minimis Con- centration Threshold
methanol	67-56-1				1.0 %

## - Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References	Remarks
methanol	67-56-1	A, N, O	skin

#### Legend

Ν

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-93", available from ACGIH

National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), "Recommendations for Occupational Safety and Health Standards," August 1988, available from NIOSH, Publications Dissemination Office, Division of Standards Development and Technology Transfer Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Safety and Health Standards, Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 1910, subpart Z, "Toxic and Hazardous Substances, 1990." General information: Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry, Occupational 0 Safety and Health Division

skin If a potential for absorption from skin contact merits special consideration, the word "skin" follows the substance name.

## - Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Classifications
methanol	67-56-1		TE F3

### Legend

Flammable - Third Degree

Teratogenic

## - Hazardous Substance List (Chapter 323) (PA-RTK)

Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Classification
METHANOL	67-56-1	Е

## Legend

Environmental hazard

## - Hazardous Substance List (RI-RTK)

Name of subs	tance CAS No	References
methanol	67-56-1	T, F

### Legend

Flammability (NFPA®) Toxicity (ACGIH®)

### California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and **Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987**

Proposition 65 List of chemicals					
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Wt%	Remarks	Type of the tox-icity
methanol	methanol	67-56-1	100		develop- mental

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#### **VOC** content

Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-EPA)
Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-Cal ARB)
100 %

# Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

## **NPCA-HMIS® III**

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	/	none
Health	2	temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	3	material that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

## **NFPA® 704**

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	3	material that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions
Health	4	material that, under emergency conditions, can be lethal
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

## **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	not all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed (ACTIVE)
AU	AIIC	not all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	not all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	not all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed

Legend

AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

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Legend

CICR

Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS) **CSCL-ENCS** 

DSL

Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)

ECSI IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China

National Inventory of Chemical Substances INSQ KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

PICCS REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory TCSI TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

#### 15.2 **Chemical Safety Assessment**

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

## Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
ACGIH®	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ACGIH® 2019	From ACGIH®, 2019 TLVs® and BEIs® Book. Copyright 2019. Reprinted with permission. Information on the proper use of the TLVs® and BEIs®: http://www.acgih.org/tlv-bei-guidelines/policies-procedures-presentations/tlv-bei-position-statement
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
Cal ARB	California Air Resources Board
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DEP CODE	Department of Environmental Protection Code
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
DOT	Department of Transportation (USA)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency. An agency of the federal government of the United States charged with protecting human health and the environment
ERG No	Emergency Response Guidebook - Number
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
HHS	Higher hazard substance
IATA	International Air Transport Association

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LHS	Lower hazard substance
NFPA®	National Fire Protection Association (United States)
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
TLV®	Threshold Limit Values
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

## Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

## Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

## List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H370	Causes damage to organs.

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#### **Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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